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4 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

5 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

6 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, )

7 Plaintiff, )

8 vs. )

9 EDWARD DAVID SIMON, )

10 Defendant. )

3:12-cr-00101-RCJ-VPC

**ORDER**

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12 A grand jury indicted Defendant Edward David Simon on ten counts each of False  
13 Claims Fraud, Unlawful Use of a Means of Identification, Mail Fraud, and Aggravated Identity  
14 Theft. (*See* Indictment, Oct. 24, 2012, ECF No. 1). The Magistrate Judge ordered Defendant  
15 detained pursuant to the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142, finding that there was a serious risk  
16 that Defendant would endanger the safety of another person or the community and that no  
17 conditions would reasonably assure the safety of the community in light of Defendant's past drug  
18 and alcohol use, violent criminal history, parole violations, and offenses allegedly committed  
19 while in custody. (*See* Order, Nov. 8, 2012, ECF No. 14). Defendant asked the Court to review  
20 the order of detention pursuant to § 3145(b). The Court denied the motion, ruling that the proper  
21 standard of review was under the clearly erroneous standard. Plaintiff has since pleaded guilty  
22 and has asked the Court to permit his release pending sentencing.

23 The present motion is in essence a motion to reconsider the Court's previous order, and  
24 Defendant again fails to address the language of the statutes and the rules governing the standard  
25 of review of a magistrate's determination of bail, citing only to case law that does not contradict

1 the Court's previous ruling. Defendant also fails to note the extreme lateness of the previous  
2 motion. To the extent the present motion is different, the considerations governing the Court's  
3 previous denial of release apply with much stronger force in the present context. In the bail  
4 context, the presumption is in favor of release, and the Court may deny bail only if "such release  
5 will not reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required or will endanger the safety of  
6 any other person or the community." 18 U.S.C. § 3142(b). After conviction, however, the  
7 presumption is in favor of detention, and the Court may permit release only if "the judicial  
8 officer finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is not likely to flee or pose a  
9 danger to the safety of any other person or the community . . . ." *Id.* at § 3143(a).

10       There is no clear and convincing evidence that Defendant will not flee or that he will not  
11 endanger others in the community. Defendant, despite his recent alleged good acts, is after all a  
12 repeat offender, with multiple violent felony convictions in multiple states dating as early as  
13 1978, including robbery and kidnapping with a deadly weapon, contraband smuggling, felon in  
14 possession of a firearm, etc. The magistrate judge and the Government variously noted at the  
15 November 8, 2012 detention hearing that one or more protective orders had been entered against  
16 Defendant in state court even in the relatively recent time since his entry into the community, that  
17 he had used multiple aliases and identifying data, that he has only been in the community since  
18 June of 2011 when released on parole, and that he committed the current crimes near the end of a  
19 lengthy prison sentence, indicating that his previous sentence did not substantially rehabilitate  
20 him. Not only has Defendant not shown by clear and convincing evidence that he is likely to  
21 appear and will endanger no one in the community during his release, the totality of the evidence  
22 indicates there is no substantial basis for such an assessment.

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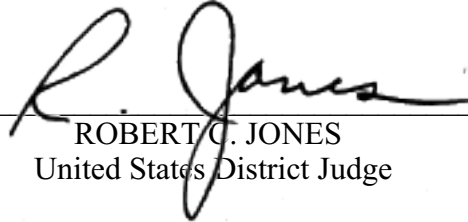
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1 **CONCLUSION**

2 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion for Release Pending Sentencing (ECF No.  
3 47) is DENIED.

4 IT IS SO ORDERED.

5 Dated this 19th day of June, 2013.

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7   
8 ROBERT C. JONES  
9 United States District Judge  
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